



PARACETAMOL

500mg Film-coated tablets

The full name of this medicine as listed above has been abbreviated throughout the leaflet for ease of reference to 'paracetamol tablets' or 'paracetamol'.

Package Leaflet: Information for the User:

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

Always take this medicine exactly as described in the leaflet or as your doctor or pharmacist told you. Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again. Ask your pharmacist if you need more information or advice. **If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet.** See Section 4. You must see a doctor if your symptoms worsen or do not improve after 3 days.

IN THIS LEAFLET:

1. What paracetamol is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take paracetamol tablets
3. How to take paracetamol tablets
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store paracetamol tablets
6. Content of the pack and other information

1. WHAT PARACETAMOL IS AND WHAT IT IS USED FOR

Each film-coated tablet contains paracetamol 500mg.

Paracetamol is an analgesic (relieves pain) and antipyretic (reduces high temperature).

Your medicine is for the treatment of the symptoms of mild to moderate pain such as, headache, period pains, migraine, rheumatic aches, neuralgia (sharp nerve pain), symptoms of flu, toothache, feverishness, colds and sore throat.

2. WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW BEFORE YOU TAKE PARACETAMOL TABLETS

Please read the following information. Do not give to children under 6 years of age.

Do not take if you:

- are allergic to paracetamol, or any of the other ingredients listed in this leaflet.
- are taking any other paracetamol containing products.

Take special care and talk to a pharmacist or your doctor before taking this medicine if you:

- are suffering from liver or kidney disease (including alcoholic liver disease).
- have suffered from serious skin reactions, symptoms of which are skin reddening, blisters or rash.

Taking other medicines:

If you take blood thinning drugs (anticoagulants e.g. warfarin) and you need to take a pain reliever on a daily basis, talk to your doctor because of the risk of bleeding. However you can still take occasional doses of paracetamol tablets at the same time as anticoagulants.

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking some antibiotics (chloramphenicol), anti-sickness treatments (metoclopramide, domperidone), or lipid lowering drugs (cholestyramine).

Pregnancy and Breastfeeding:

Paracetamol can be taken during pregnancy and when breastfeeding. Paracetamol can be found in breast milk in small amounts. Only take when clearly necessary. (See Section 3.)

Driving and using machinery:

Paracetamol is not known to affect driving or using machinery.

3. HOW TO TAKE PARACETAMOL TABLETS

For oral administration and short term use only.

Dosage: Adults, the elderly and young persons aged 16 and over:

The minimum effective dose should be used for the shortest time necessary to relieve symptoms.

Take 1-2 tablets three to four times daily with a drink of water. Do not take more than 8 tablets in 24 hours.

For children 6 to 9 years of age:

Give ½ a tablet with a drink of water.

For children 10 to 11 years of age:

Give 1 tablet with a drink of water.

For adolescents 12 to 15 years of age:

Give 1 to 1 ½ a tablet with a drink of water. Do not give more than 4 doses in a 24-hour period.

The score line is only there to help you break the tablet if you have difficulty swallowing it whole.

Do not exceed the stated dose.

Only take when clearly necessary.

Prolonged use without medical supervision could be harmful.

If symptoms persist for more than 3 days or you experience any other symptoms not related to the original condition, discontinue treatment immediately and consult your doctor.

If you take more tablets than you should:

If you take too many tablets, **IMMEDIATE** medical advice should be sought even if you feel well, because of the risk of irreversible liver damage.

You may have no symptoms of overdose but the most common symptoms of overdose are paleness of face, nausea, vomiting, loss of appetite, or stomach pain and these may not reflect the severity of overdose or the risk of organ damage.

4. POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS

Like all medicines, paracetamol can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them. You can reduce the chances of experiencing side effects by using the minimum dose required. Side effects may be more serious in elderly patients.

If you experience any of the following serious side effects STOP taking this medicine immediately and contact your Doctor or Pharmacist;

- Skin rash or itching, changes in skin colour, shortness of breath, stomach problems (such as pain, nausea, vomiting), any unexplained bruising or bleeding more easily than usual.
- Very rare cases of serious skin reactions have been reported. Symptoms could include skin reddening, blisters or rash.
- Rarely agranulocytosis (low white cell blood count), other diseases of the blood or liver disease may occur.

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via HPRA Pharmacovigilance, Earlsfort Terrace, IRL - Dublin 2; Tel: +353 1 6764971; Fax: +353 1 6762517. Website: www.hpra.ie; e-mail: medsafety@hpra.ie. By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. HOW TO STORE PARACETAMOL TABLETS

- Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the blister and carton. The expiry date refers to the last day of the month.
- Do not store above 25°C.
- Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. CONTENT OF THE PACK AND OTHER INFORMATION

What does this medicine contain?

The active substance is paracetamol. Each tablet contains 500 mg of paracetamol.

The other ingredients are: Croscarmellose sodium, povidone, pregelatinised maize starch, and stearic acid. The tablet coating contains hypromellose (E464) and macrogol.

What paracetamol tablets looks like and contents of pack?

The tablets are white capsule shaped film-coated tablets embossed on one face with " P-500" and with a break bar on the reverse.

Paracetamol tablets are available in pack sizes of 6, 8, 12, 16, 24 and 32 tablets. Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Who makes this medicine?

Manufacturer: Pfizer Consumer Manufacturing Italy S.r.l., Via Nettunense 90, Aprilia, Italy.

Marketing Authorisation Holder: Pfizer Healthcare Ireland, Citywest, Dublin 24, Ireland.

This leaflet was last revised in April 2017.

PA 822/167/1

